

EC / NSD / SBC 2100

Linux Toolchain User Guide



RELEASE NOTES

Version	Date	Notes
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1. Introduction

Toolchain is a set of software development tools that are used to create a piece of software. It consists of a text editor for editing source code, a compiler, and a linker to transform the source code into an executable program. It can also create libraries to provide interfaces to the Linux 3.0.35 platform.

You can use Toolchain to compile your existing source code and be a cross-platform development tool, to let users implement and operate their source code on multiple computing platforms. Toolchain from ICNEXUS includes some general libraries like JPGLib, PNGlib, Zlib, and FreeTpyelib for you to use during development.

2. Operating System and Development Environment

System Requirements:

- IBM-compatible PC
- 1.6 GHz CPU or higher
- 30 GB free disk space or more
- 512 MB RAM or more
- Linux-type OS

3. Setting up Toolchain

3.1 Installation

To install Toolchain on your Linux system, please do the following steps. First, extract `toolchain\armv6_codesourcery.tar.bz2`.

```
$ cd /opt/  
$ sudo tar -vxjf fsl-linaro-toolchain.tar.bz2  
$ ls fsl-linaro-toolchain  
arm-fsl-linux-gnueabi  bin  include  lib  libexec  native  share
```

Next, open the file `.bashrc` and add **'export PATH=/opt/fsl-linaro-toolchain/bin\$PATH:'** at the end of the file. This will register the Toolchain environment on the Linux system.

3.2 Environment Check

Check the version of compiler you are using.

```
$arm-none-linux-gnueabi-gcc -v  
Using built-in specs.  
Target: arm-none-linux-gnueabi  
Configured with: .....  
.....  
Thread model: posix  
gcc version 4.3.2 (Sourcery G++ Lite 2008q3-72)
```

4. Writing and Compiling in C

4.1 C Programming

Make a simple .c file.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    printf("Hello ICNexus!!\n");
    return(0);
}
```

4.2 Cross Compiling

Write a simple Makefile.

```
all:hello.c
    arm-none-linux-gnueabi-gcc hello.c -o hello
clean:
    rm -f hello
```

Compile the C file.

```
$ ls
hello.c  Makefile
$ make
arm-none-linux-gnueabi-gcc hello.c -o hello
$ ls
hello  hello.c  Makefile
```

Copy the hello executable file to the Micro SD card and insert it into NSD device.
Execute the file you have compiled as following:

```
# cd /mnt/SD
# ./hello
Hello ICNexus!!
```